



TEXAS CRIMINAL
JUSTICE COALITION

Limestone County Juvenile Justice Data Sheet

Under SB 653, the Texas Juvenile Justice Department (TJJD) has been made responsible for partnering with “local county governments, the courts, and communities to promote public safety,”¹ as well as for “producing positive outcomes for youth, families, and communities.”² To ensure these mandates are met, stakeholders must familiarize themselves with the information pertinent to their community.

The information included within this data sheet reflects the most recent juvenile data for Limestone County.

County Overview³

- Youth Population (age 10 to 16): 2,140
- Youth Referred to TJJD:⁴ 66
- Youth Referred with Past Traumatic Experience: 30 (45%)
- Youth Referred with Diagnosed Mental Illness: 6 (9%)
- Youth Referred but Not Adjudicated: 44
- Youth Securely Detained Pre-Adjudication:⁵ 60
- Average Days from Referral to Disposition: 46
- Youth Adjudicated to Probation: 16
- Youth Adjudicated to Secure Placement:⁶ Fewer than 5
- Youth Committed to State Secure Facilities: 1
- Youth Certified as Adults: 0

Investment in Community Programming

Reducing the number of youth adjudicated to residential facilities can only be achieved if stakeholders strongly invest in “a consistent, county-based continuum of effective interventions, supports, and services.”⁷ The programs delineated below are the current services within Limestone County that can be utilized as alternatives to incarceration.

Programs Run by the County Juvenile Probation Department:

- Community Service Restitution
- Intensive Supervision Probation
- Turnaround

Additional Youth-Based Programs Provided within the Community:

- Texas AgriLife
- Workforce Solutions
- Youth Services of Tulsa

County-Level Juvenile Facilities⁸

Limestone County Juvenile Facility⁹ (Pre-Adjudication)	
Cost per day per youth¹⁰	\$85.00
Average daily population	6 youths
Average length of stay	15 days
Annual number of youth in seclusions¹¹	67
Annual number of physical restraints used on youth	13
Annual number of injuries	0

Contact Information

If you have any questions regarding the data provided in this data sheet, please contact Jennifer Carreon at (512) 441-8123, ext. 103, or by email at jcarreon@TexasCJC.org.

References

¹ Codified at Texas Human Resources Code, Section 201.002(1).

² Codified at Texas Human Resources Code, Section 201.002(2).

³ Data provided to the Texas Criminal Justice Coalition (TCJC) by TJJD, April 2012.

⁴ A youth is formally referred to the Texas Juvenile Justice Department if face-to-face contact is made with a designated juvenile office for having engaged in delinquent activity within the Department's jurisdiction.

⁵ A pre-adjudication detention center is a secure residential facility (public or private) used for temporary placement of youth who have been accused of committing an offense.

⁶ A post-adjudication placement involves a secure residential facility (public or private) where youth are placed after disposition of their case.

⁷ Codified at Texas Human Resources Code, Section 201.003(1).

⁸ Data provided to TCJC by TJJD, April 2012.

⁹ Limestone County Juvenile Facility is Limestone County's pre-adjudication facility. The County does not have a post-adjudication facility. Any placements made post-adjudication are based on each youth's needs.

¹⁰ This number was obtained via TJJD's Facility Registry. This is the only cost made public; it reflects the per-youth expense that another county would pay to place their youth within this facility.

<http://www.tjjd.texas.gov/publications/other/searchfacilityregistry.aspx>.

¹¹ Inappropriate use of solitary confinement (also known as disciplinary seclusions) and physical restraints (also known as use of force) in juvenile secure facilities create major barriers to successful rehabilitation. These concerns are especially serious for traumatized youth and youth with mental health issues. *See, e.g.*, L.M. Finke "The Use of Seclusion is Not an Evidence-Based Practice" (2001), and G.R. Hodas "Responding to Childhood Trauma: The Promise and Practice of Trauma Informed Care" (2006).